50mm (2.0INCH) 5x7 DOT MATRIX DISPLAY

Part Number: TA20-11SURKWA Hyper Red

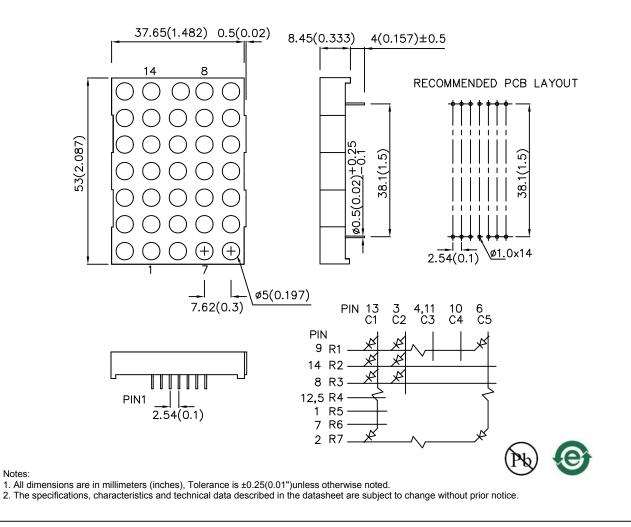
Features

- 2.0 inch matrix height.
- Dot size 5mm.
- Low current operation.
- High contrast and light output.
- Stackable horizontally.
- Easy mounting on P.C. boards or sockets.
- Categorized for luminous intensity.
- Mechanically rugged.
- Standard : gray face, white dot.
- RoHS compliant.

Description

The Hyper Red source color devices are made with Al-GalnP on GaAs substrate Light Emitting Diode.

Package Dimensions& Internal Circuit Diagram



SPEC NO: DSAM8567 APPROVED: WYNEC REV NO: V.2A CHECKED: Joe Lee DATE: MAR/20/2015 DRAWN: P.Cheng PAGE: 1 OF 6 ERP: 1332000162

Selection Guide										
Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	lv (ucd) [1] @ 10mA		Description					
			Min.	Тур.	•					
TA20-11SURKWA	Hyper Red (AlGaInP)	White Diffused	52000	130000	Column Anode					
			*21000	*42000						

Notes:

1. Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%. *Luminous intensity value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λpeak	Peak Wavelength	Hyper Red	645		nm	IF=20mA
λD [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Hyper Red	630		nm	I⊧=20mA
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Half-width	Hyper Red	28		nm	I⊧=20mA
С	Capacitance	Hyper Red	35		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
VF [2]	Forward Voltage	Hyper Red	1.95	2.5	V	I⊧=20mA
lr	Reverse Current	Hyper Red		10	uA	VR=5V

Notes:

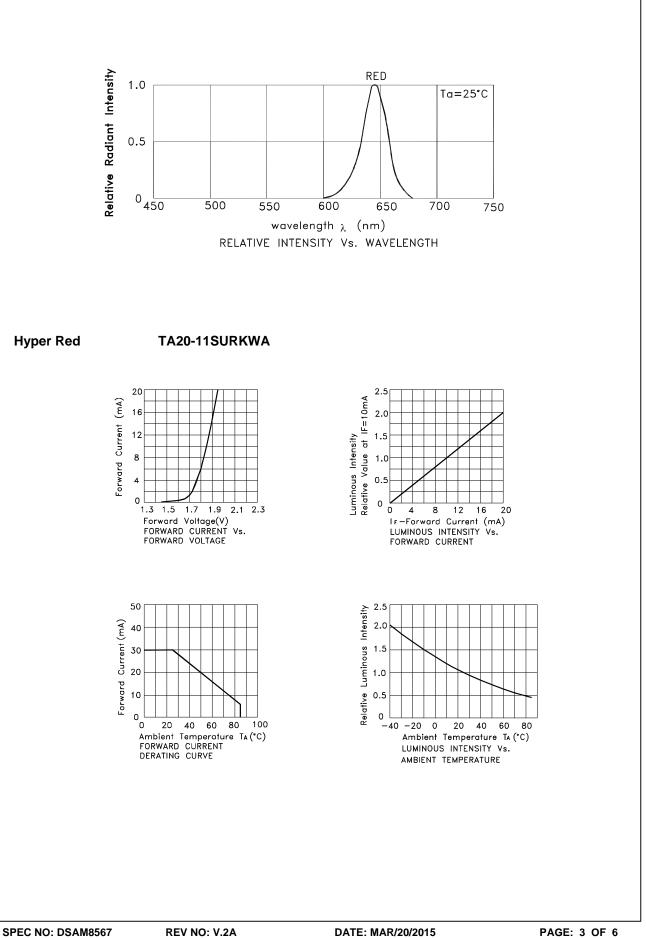
Wavelength: +/-1nm.
Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.
Wavelength value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.
Excess driving current and/or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

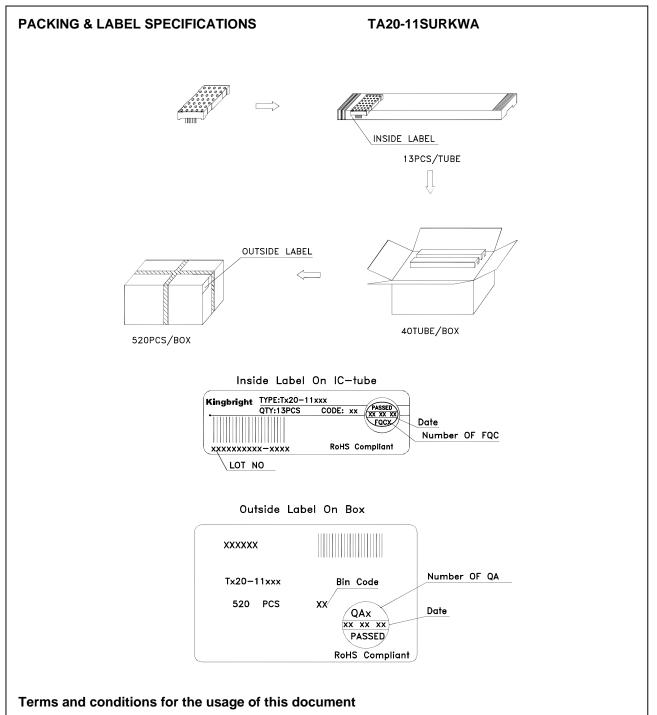
Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Hyper Red	Units		
Power dissipation	75	mW		
DC Forward Current	30	mA		
Peak Forward Current [1]	185	mA		
Reverse Voltage	5	V		
Operating / Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C			
Lead Solder Temperature[2]	260°C For 3-5 Seconds			

Notes:

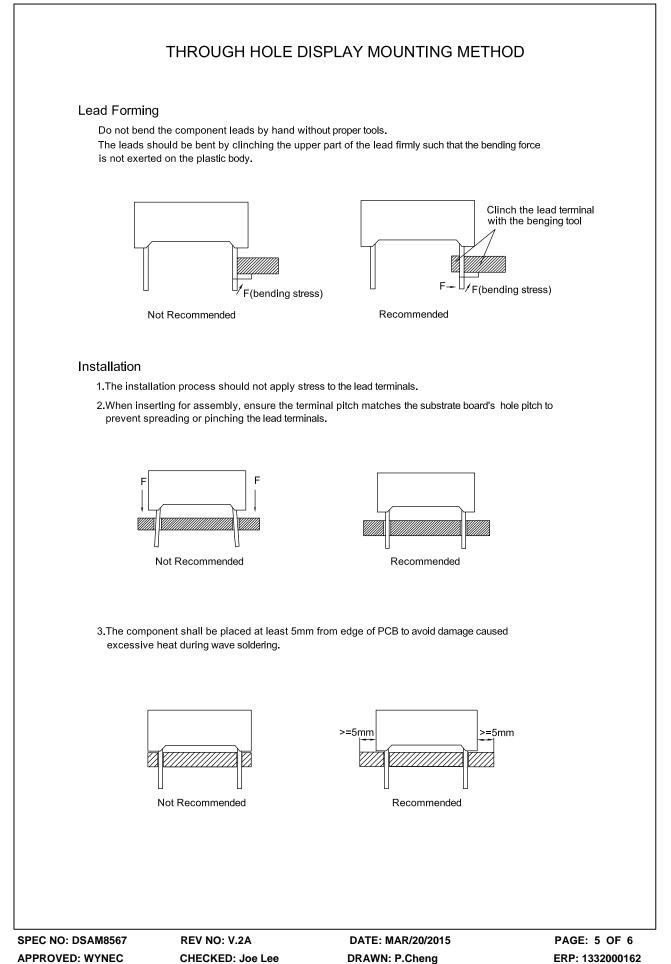
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
2. 2mm below package base.



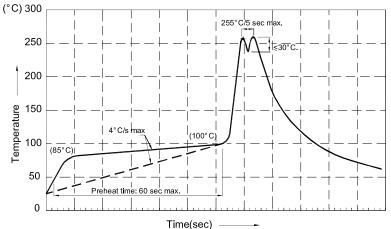


- 1. The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.
- 2. The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.
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DATE: MAR/20/2015 DRAWN: P.Cheng



Recommended Wave Soldering Profiles:



Notes:

- 1.Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260°C
- 2 Peak wave soldering temperature between 245° C ~ 255° C for 3 sec (5 sec max).
- 3.Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C.
- 4. Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
- 5.SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
- 6.No more than one wave soldering pass.
- 7.During wave soldering, the PCB top-surface temperature should be kept below 105°C.

Soldering General Notes:

- 1. Through-hole displays are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 2.If components will undergo multiple soldering processes, or other processes where the components may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.

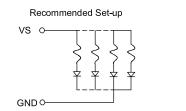
CLEANING

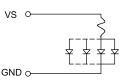
1.Mild "no-clean" fluxes are recommended for use in soldering.

- 2.If cleaning is required, Kingbright recommends to wash components with water only.
- Do not use harsh organic solvents for cleaning because they may damage the plastic parts .
- 3. The cleaning process should take place at room temperature and the devices should not be washed for more than one minute.
- 4. When water is used in the cleaning process, immediately remove excess moisture from the component with forced-air drying afterwards.

CIRCUIT DESIGN NOTES

- 1.Protective current-limiting resistors may be necessary to operate the LEDs within the specified range.
- 2.LEDs mounted in parallel should each be placed in series with its own current-limiting resistor.





invalid Set-up

- 3. The driving circuit should be designed to protect the LED against reverse voltages and transient voltage spikes when the circuit is powered up or shut down.
- 4. The safe operating current should be chosen after considering the maximum ambient temperature of the operating environment.
- 5. Prolonged reverse bias should be avoided, as it could cause metal migration, leading to an increase in leakage current or causing a short circuit.